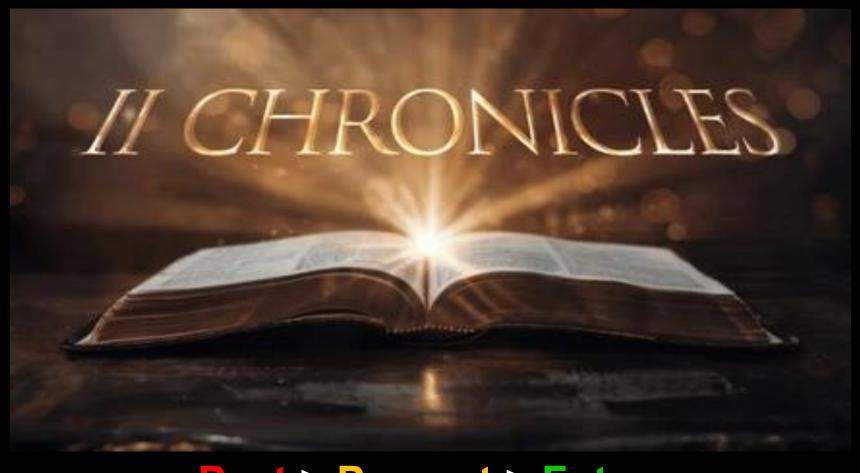
2 Chronicles - Jesus & Remnant: Temple: Worship & Spiritual Leadership





Past > Present > Future

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Learn from the Past > Understand the Present >Prepare for the Future



Inreach & Outreach Resource



This booklet is an eye opener of what's happening in the world.

This 40 page A5 size booklet has the key aspects of the –

PAST, PRESENT & FUTURE.

It's available at the cost of printing & postage for bulk orders.

PDF is available on ProphecyLive.org



Enter The Ark of Hope

The Great Controversy between God and Satan is primarily over

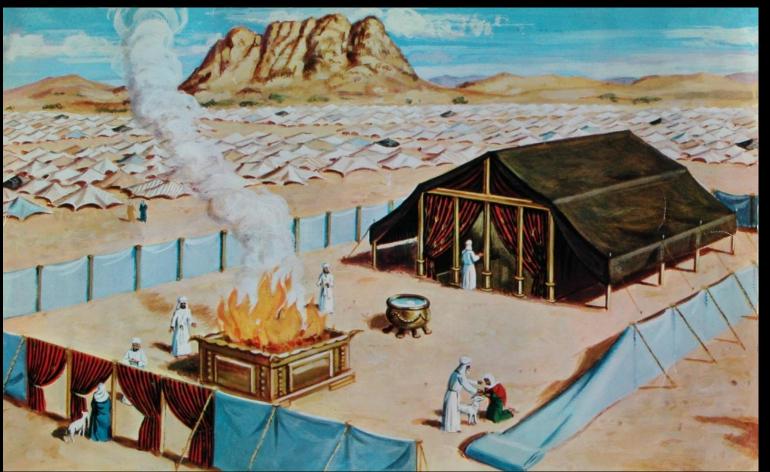
"WORSHIP"

Who will you Choose?



Get into the Ark Sanctuary





And let them make me a sanctuary; that I may dwell among them.

Exodus 25:8

Psalms 77:13



Health Snippet - Soybean

Health Benefits of Soybean (Seek Medical Advice)
Soybeans or soya beans (Glycine max) are a type of legume native to eastern Asia. Various soy products are available, including soy flour, soy protein, tofu, soy milk, soy sauce, and soybean oil.

3.5 ounces (100 grams) of boiled soybeans have: Calories:

172, Water: 63%, Protein: 18.2 g, Carbs: 8.4 g, Sugar: 3 g, Fiber: 6 g, Fat: 9 g, Saturated: 1.3 g, Monounsaturated: 1.98g, Polyunsaturated: 5.06 g.

- 1. <u>Heart health</u>: Soy protein and fibre can help lower LDL "bad" cholesterol levels and reduce blood pressure keep blood vessels flexible.
- 2. Bone health: help support and improve bone health.
- 3. <u>Cancer risk reduction</u>: A diet rich in whole soy foods may help lower the risk of certain cancers, such as breast cancer.
- 4. <u>Menopausal symptoms</u>: Soy isoflavones may help alleviate menopausal symptoms like hot flashes.

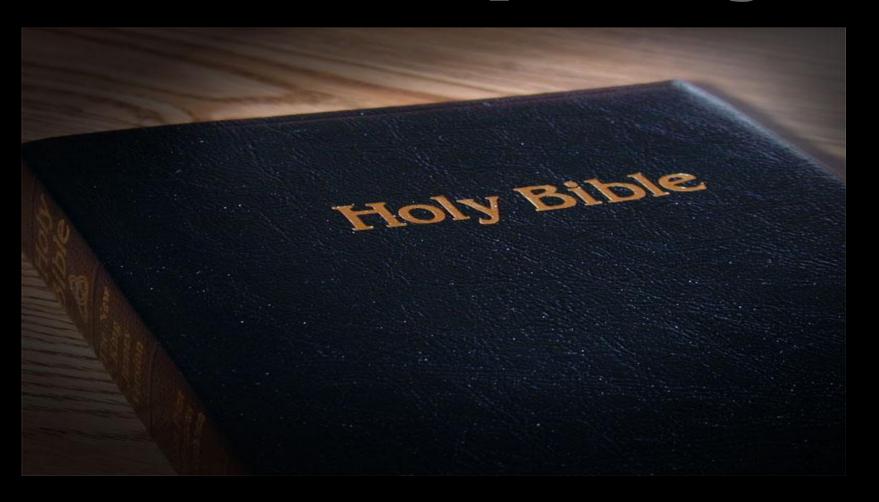
<u>Blood sugar management</u>: help improve blood sugar balance. <u>Weight management</u>: Soy is a good source of fibre and protein, which can help with weight management.

Side effects: bloating, constipation, diarrhoea, and nausea.

HEALTH BENEFITS OF SOYBEAN

- + Low in fat, No Cholesterol
- An Excellent Source of Fiber
- Good for Skin
- Lowers the Risk of Coronary Heart Disease
- Helpful in Osteoporosis
- Reduce Hot Flushes Associated with Menopause
- Good for Cognitive Abilities

Can We Trust Bible Prophecy?





Yes, we Can!

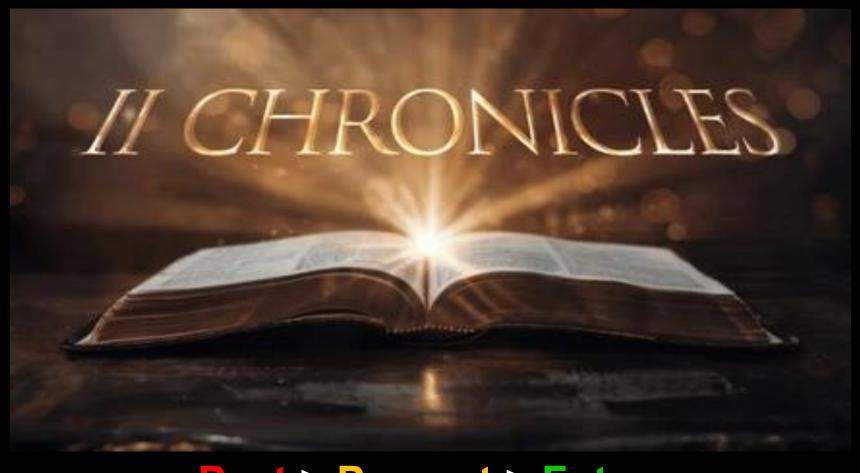
IFMY PEOPLE,

WHO ARE CALLED BY MY NAME, SHALL HUMBLE THEMSELVES, & PRAY, & SEEK MY FACE, & TURN FROM THEIR WICKED WAYS; THEN I WILL HEAR FROM HEAVEN, & I WILL FORGIVE THEIR SIN, & I WILL HEAL THEIR LAND.

2 CHRONICLES 7:14



2 Chronicles - Jesus & Remnant: Temple: Worship & Spiritual Leadership





Past > Present > Future

Key points in 2 Chronicles include the reign of Solomon and the building of the Temple, which solidified Jerusalem as the centre of worship.

The book emphasizes the importance of faithfulness, with a focus on the Davidic kings of Judah and how their obedience or disobedience affected the nation's prosperity and God's blessing.

Other key themes are the Davidic covenant, the centrality of worship in the Temple, and the power of repentance and restoration.



Solomon's reign and the Temple:

The book begins with Solomon, who was granted wisdom by God and oversaw the construction and dedication of the first Temple in Jerusalem. The Temple becomes the central symbol of God's presence and the focus of religious life.

Focus on the Kingdom of Judah:

Unlike 1 and 2 Kings, 2 Chronicles omits the history of the northern kingdom and focuses exclusively on the kings of the Davidic line in Jerusalem.



Consequences of faithfulness and unfaithfulness: The narrative contrasts good kings who were faithful to God with those who were not. Obedience led to national success and blessing, while disobedience led to ruin and disaster.

The Davidic Covenant: A central theme is God's promise to David that his descendants would rule forever. The book shows how this covenant was preserved through many generations and through times of unfaithfulness.



Importance of worship and

prophecy: Maintaining proper worship in the Temple and obedience to the prophets were crucial for the nation's security and success.

Repentance and restoration: The latter part of the book highlights God's willingness to forgive and restore his people when they humble themselves, pray, and turn from their wicked ways. The final verses offer hope by showing the decree from the Persian king to allow the exiles to return home.



1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Solomon - Wisdom

1. Solomon is described as the wisest person in the world, who God granted immense wisdom to solve problems and build the Temple. 2 Chronicles 1:11

and build the Temple. 2 Chronicles 1:11

KING SOLOMON The Wisest Man Who Ever Lived Jesus is described as the embodiment of wisdom itself, who is "greater than Solomon". Matthew 12:42

A Greater Than Solomon Is Here

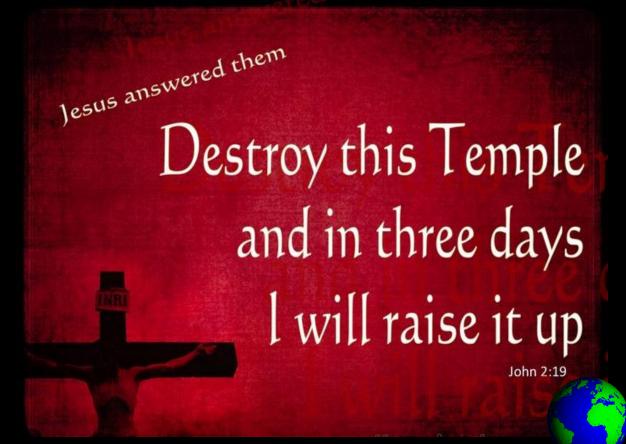


1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Solomon - Building and Presence

2. Solomon built the First Temple in Jerusalem, a place where God's presence was thought to dwell. 2 Chronicles 3:1-2



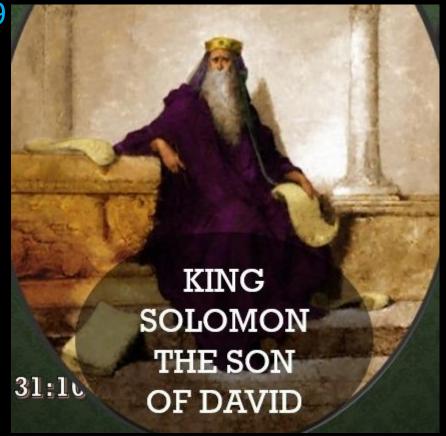
Jesus's role as a new, spiritual Temple and a superior way for God's presence to be with humanity. John 2:19-21



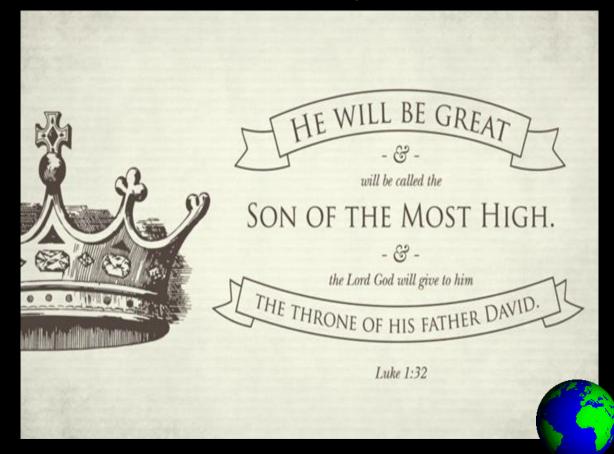
1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Solomon - Kingship

3. Solomon the son of King David, who established a dynasty that was promised to last forever. 2 Chronicles

1:9



Jesus is the Messiah, fulfilling the prophecy that a descendant of David who would rule eternally. Luke 1:32-33



1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Solomon - Glory and Honor

4. The glory and wealth of Solomon's reign and the adoration from the queen of Sheba who brought him gifts. 2 Chronicles 9:1-12

At the birth of Jesus, wise men from the east brought gifts and came to present to Jesus. Matthew 2:1-2



1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Temple: Outer Court - Alter of Sacrifice

5. Great Altar of Burnt Offering: A large altar for sacrifices located in the Outer Court. 2 Chronicles 4:1

Jesus sacrifice on the cross is the antitype of the sacrifices on the alter of sacrifice. Hebrews 10:1-18



1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Temple: Outer Court - Laver

6. A large bronze basin for priests' ceremonial cleansing, supported by 12 oxen. 2 Chronicles 4:2-5



The baptism of Jesus is the antitype for the cleaning with the water in the Laver. 1 Peter 3:21

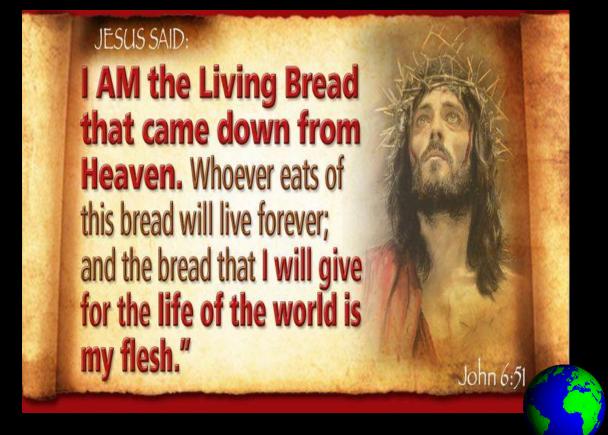


1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Temple: Holy Place - Table of Shew Bread

7. A table with 2 stacks of 6 loaves of bread that was replaced on every Sabbath. 2 Chronicles 13:11



Jesus is the antitype bread of life that came from heaven to this earth. John 6:51



1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Temple: Holy Place - Alter of Incense

8. The altar of incense was a golden altar, made of acacia wood, priests burned a specific blend of spices on it daily. 2 Chronicles 26:16



The altar of incense is a Bible type for Jesus, representing his role as intercessor. Hebrews 7:25



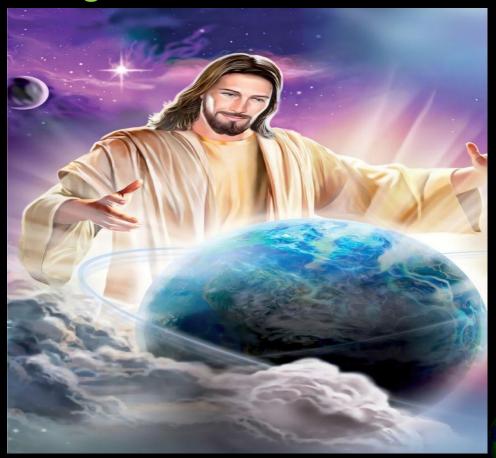


1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Temple: Holy Place - 7 Branch Lampstand

9. Menorah: A golden seven branch lampstand with lamps that was lit daily. 2 Chronicles 4:20



Jesus is the antitype of the lampstand as the light of the world. John 8:12



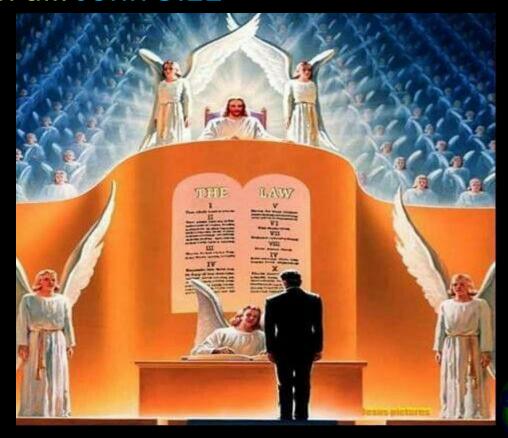


1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Temple: Most Holy Place - Throne of God

10. The ark of the covenant is the foundation of God's throne. 2
Chronicles 3:8-10



Jesus is siting on the throne now in the holy of holies passing judgement on all. John 5:22





1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Facing Opposition and Tests

11. Rehoboam was tested by the elders in Jerusalem at the start of his reign. 2 Chronicles 10:6-8



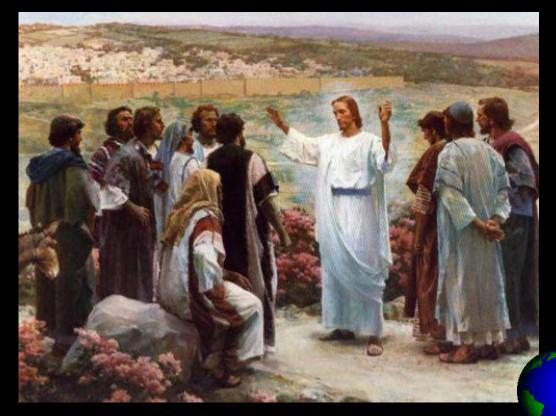
Jesus was tested by the high priest and the Pharisees at the close of His ministry on earth. Matthew 16:1



1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles The importance of leadership choices

12. Rehoboam's choice to ignore wise counsel and the law of the Lord led to the kingdom's division. 2 Chronicles 10:8-13

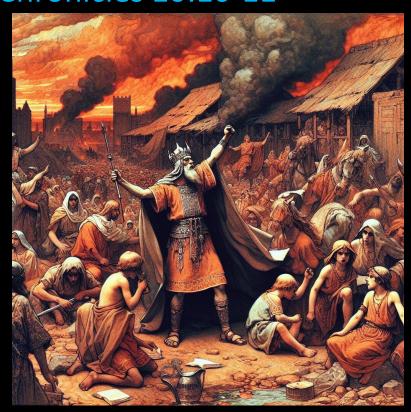
Jesus, conversely, demonstrated perfect leadership by following God's will and offering a different path for his followers. John 6:38



1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Attitude towards the people

13. Rehoboam chose to threaten the people with a "heavier hand" and a "heavier weight," leading to rebellion.

2 Chronicles 10:10-11



Jesus dealt with people with kindness in love for all and offered his followers a "lighter load" and promised rest.

Matthew 11:28-30





1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Purging idols

14. Asa "took courage and removed the detestable idols" from Judah and Benjamin. 2 Chronicles 15:8

Jesus drives out the money changers and merchants from the temple courts. Matthew 21:12-13



1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Seeking God first

15. Asa, facing a military threat, chose to "seek the LORD" before taking action. 2 Chronicles 14:11



Jesus teaches to "seek first the kingdom of God and His righteousness". Matthew 6:33

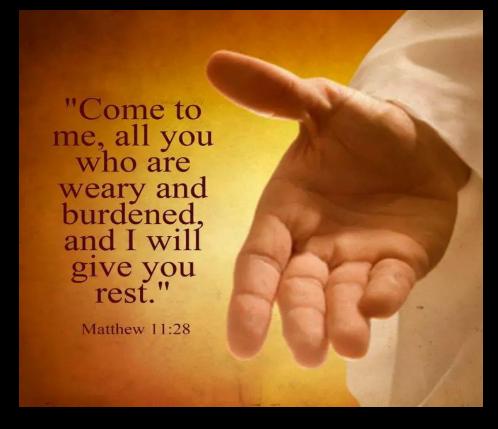


1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Promise of rest

16. The peace and rest Asa's people enjoyed was a gift from God. 2
Chronicles 14:6



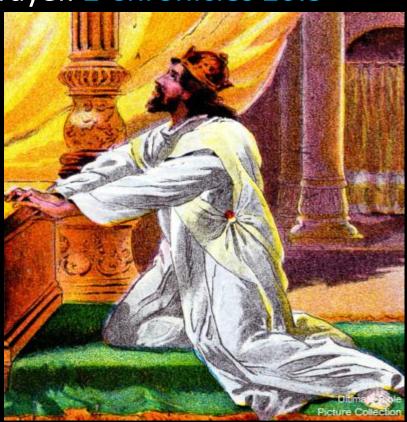
Jesus offers rest to those who come to him, a spiritual peace that comes from a right relationship with God. Matthew 11:28-29



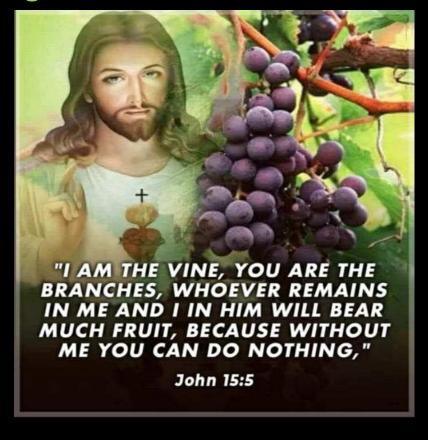


1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Reliance on God over alliances

17. When facing a massive invasion, Jehoshaphat did not form military alliances but instead turned to God in prayer. 2 Chronicles 20:3



Jesus teaches that "Whoever abides in me and I in him, he it is that bears much fruit, apart from Him we can do nothing". John 15:5





1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Reformed the people

18. Hezekiah's reforms called the people of Judah back to faithfulness to the Lord, including the northern kingdom of Israel. 2 Chronicles 30:1, 6

Jesus also calls people from all nations to follow him and return to God. Matthew 28:19-20





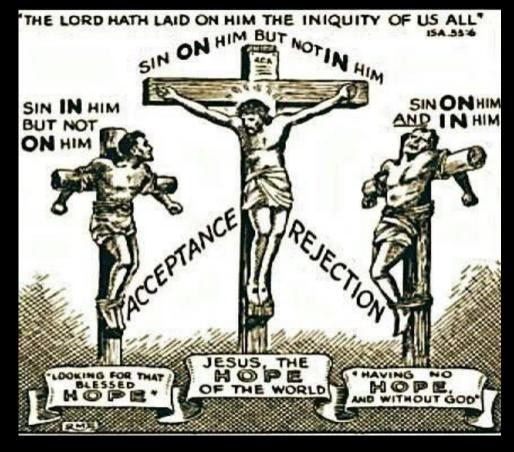
1 - Jesus in the book of 2nd Chronicles Perfection vs. imperfection

20. While Josiah was a righteous king, he was still an imperfect human being who made mistakes. 2 Chronicles 35:20-27

Josiah: The Boy King with A Heart for the LORD (2 Chronicles 34-35)



Jesus, in contrast, is described as perfectly obedient, with no deceit or sin found in Him. 1 Peter 2:22





2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles God blesses Solomon

1. Solomon has asked God for wisdom and not for riches, God blesses him not only with wisdom but also, with great material wealth. 2 Chronicles 1:11-12



Remnant are admonished by Jesus to seek righteousness and that everything else will be given to them. Matthew 6:33

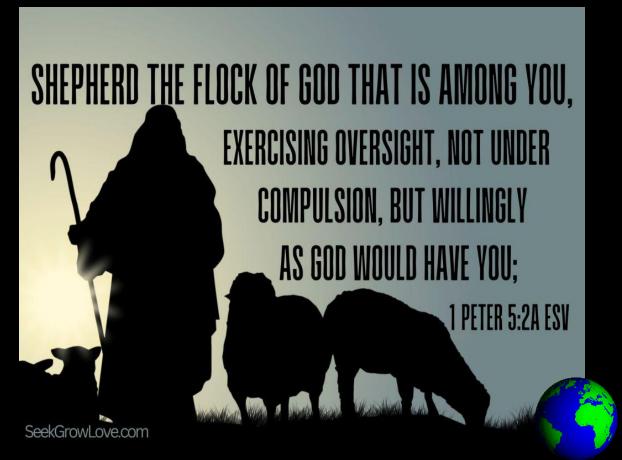




2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Leadership and stewardship

2. Solomon is portrayed as a servant leader, accountable to God for the well-being of His people. 2 Chronicles 1:10-11

Remnant are called to be stewards and shepherds of God's flock, accountable to God for their governance. 1 Peter 5:2-3



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Obedience and warning

3. Solomon despite being granted wisdom, wealth, and honour, he ultimately fails to obey God's commands. 2 Chronicles 1:11-12

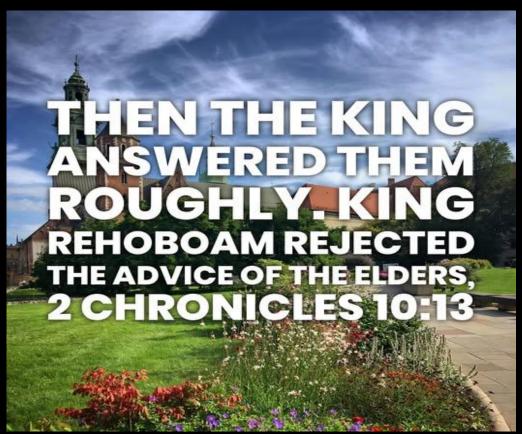


Remnant should look that God-given gifts do not guarantee a righteous life and that obedience is paramount. James 1:22

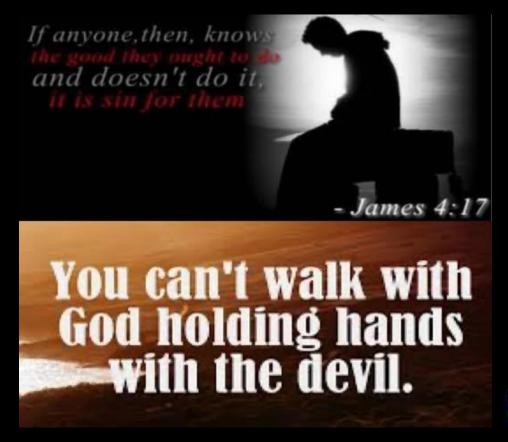


2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Leadership and counsel

4. Rehoboam chose to reject wise counsel, leading to a national division. 2 Chronicles 10:8–11



Remnant are called to live in a way that honours God and to actively seek Him. Acts 15:17



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Consequences of disobedience

5. Rehoboam's reign resulted in suffering and the loss of treasures from disobedience to God can have severe Jerusalem. 2 Chronicles 12:2-9

Remnant must remember that consequences in their own lives. Romans 6:23



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Wholehearted devotion

6. Asa's heart was "blameless" or "wholehearted" in his commitment to God. 2 Chronicles 15:17



Remnant are called to an undivided commitment to God. Matthew 6:24



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Abijah's example

7. Abijah's victory against the larger army of Jeroboam is attributed to his people's faith and their reliance on the Lord. 2 Chronicles 13:18

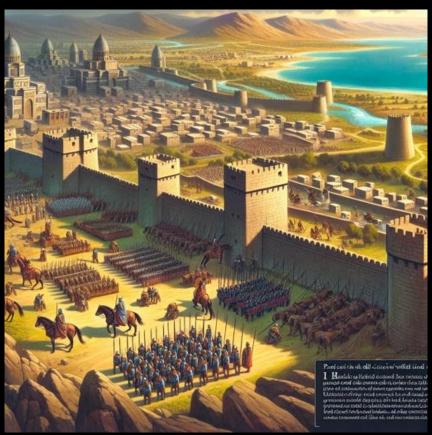


Remnant - "one man plus God is a majority" and that probabilities and odds are meaningless when God's power is at play. 1 Corinthians 1:25



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Preparedness

8. Jehoshaphat fortified his kingdom's cities to protect against enemies. 2 Chronicles 17:2

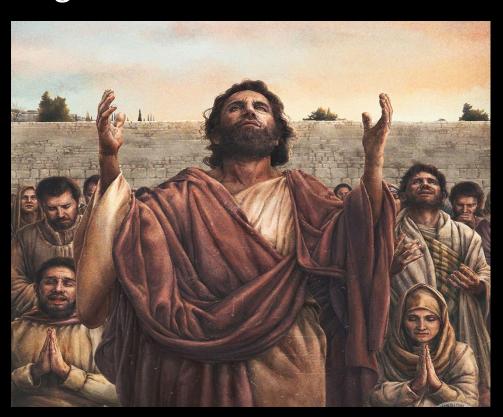


Remnant are told to put on the whole armour of God in spiritual readiness. Ephesians 6:11



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Vigilance

9. Jehoshaphat was a vigilant and wise leader who secured his kingdom. 2 Chronicles 17:5



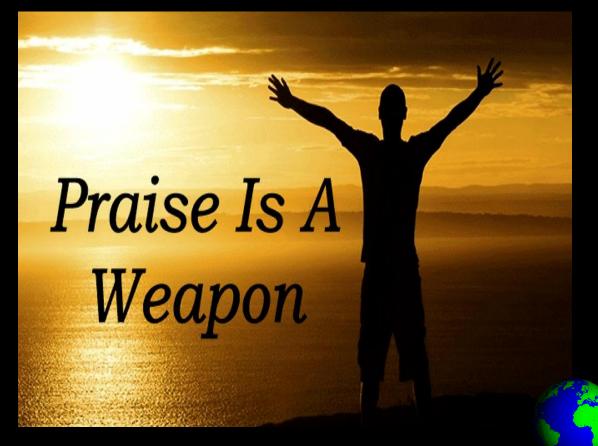
Remnant are called to be vigilant and discern threats, such as false doctrine or unrighteous influences. 1 Peter 5:8

When a church changes BIBLICAL TRUTH and STANDARDS to match current culture they're no longer following the Bible, they're following the lost.

2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Praise as a weapon

10. Jehoshaphat placed singers at the front of his army which caused the enemy armies to turn on each other. 2 Chronicles 20:21-22

Remnant should use the power of praise and worship as a spiritual weapon to defeat the enemy. Acts 16:25-26

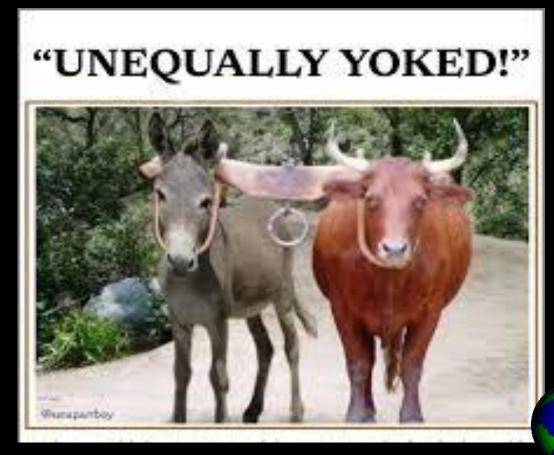


2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Idolatry and Compromise

11. Jehoram's marriage to an idolatrous woman from the house of Ahab led to him importing idolatry into Judah. 2 Chronicles 21:6



Remnant are admonished that they should not be unequally yoked with unbelievers. 2 Corinthians 6:14



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Rejection of God's Warnings

12. Jehoram ignored letter from Elijah warning him of God's judgment, resulting in disease and public disgrace for himself and the nation. 2 Chronicles 21:12-19

Remnant are warned by God sending the 3 angels' messages to warn the world that if not harkened they will receive the coming wrath of God. Revelation 14:6-12



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Wicked leadership

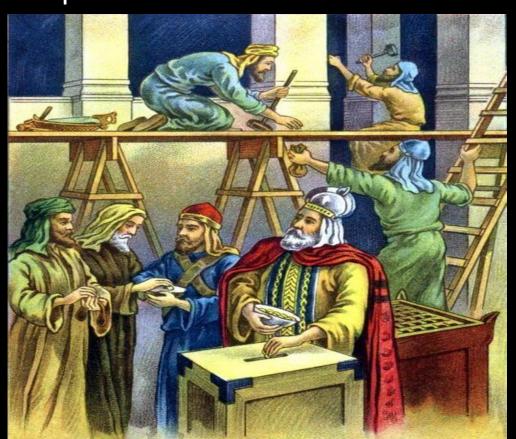
13. Ahaziah, like his mother Athaliah and his uncle Ahab, did "what was evil in the sight of the LORD". 2 Chronicles 22:2

Remnant are advised to obey parents only when they fear the Lord. Ephesians 6:1

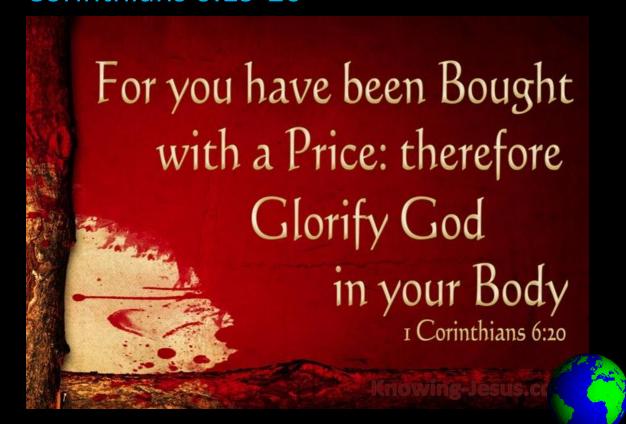


2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Temple restoration

14. Joash was diligent and started the project to repair and rebuild the Temple. 2 Chronicles 24:4-14



Remnant need the spiritual renewal and maintenance of faith communities and the "temple" of the human body. 1 Corinthians 6:19-20



2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Godly mentorship

15. Joash's early reign is a model of what can happen under the guidance of a godly leader like Jehoiada. 2 Chronicles 24:2

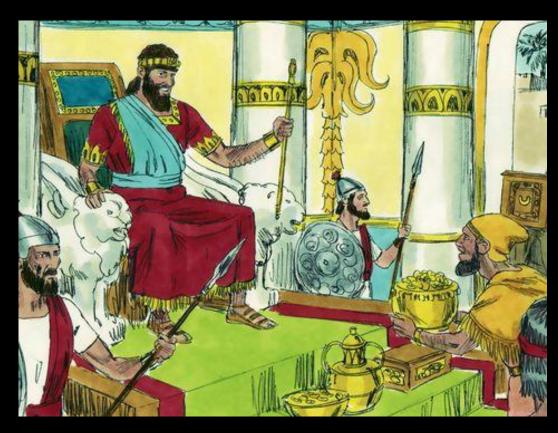


Remnant are taught the importance of godly mentors and community influence to stay on the right path. 1 Corinthians 15:33

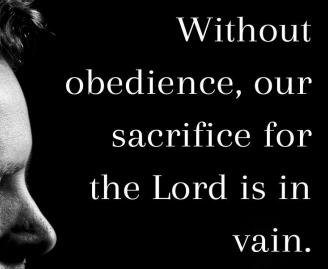


2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Trusting God over material gain

16. Amaziah fretted over the "hundred talents" he lost by dismissing Israelite mercenaries. 2 Chronicles 25:9



Remnant should not fall for the fear of financial or social cost of obedience to God. Luke 12:15

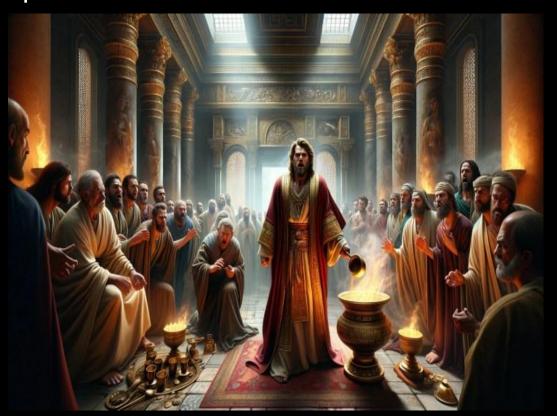




2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Courage and standing for truth

17. Azariah and the priests bravely confronted King Uzziah when he tried to perform a priestly duty, risking his wrath to uphold God's laws. 2 Chronicles 26:17–18

Remnant are to stand for God's truth, even against powerful people or prevalent opinions. 1 Peter 5:9



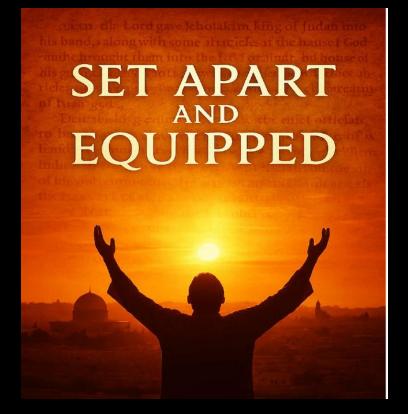


2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Obedience and faithfulness

18. Jotham is noted for doing what was right in the eyes of the LORD, even when the people around him were corrupt. 2 Chronicles 27:2

THE MAN WHO WALKED WITH GOD

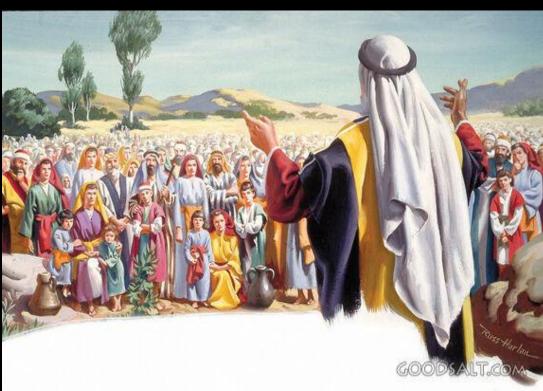
Remnant are called to be obedient and steadfast in their faith, even when facing societal pressure and moral decay. 1
Peter 5:8-9





2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Proclaiming God's message

19. Hezekiah sent messengers throughout Israel to invite people to the Passover, even though they were largely mocked. 2 Chronicles 30:1



Remnant today are sent out with a similar message, sharing the gospel with a world that will often reject, mock, or be hostile to them. John 15:18-19

Freedom of speech means freedom of disagreement. But Christ alone sets us free indeed. - John 8:36

2 - Remnant in the book of 2nd Chronicles Humility before God

20. Josiah humbly sought the Lord's guidance rather than relying on his own authority as king. 2 Chronicles 26:5

Remnant are admonished to humble themselves in all things and to let God lift them up. James 4:10





3 - Lessons: Preparation and excellence

The importance of preparation: The book begins with Solomon preparing to build the temple, highlighting that preparation is crucial for serving God.

Skilled workmanship: Solomon sought out skilled workers for the temple, showing the value of excellence and craftsmanship in God's service.

<u>Collaboration</u>: Solomon's partnership with King Hiram demonstrates the power of unity and cooperation in building God's kingdom.



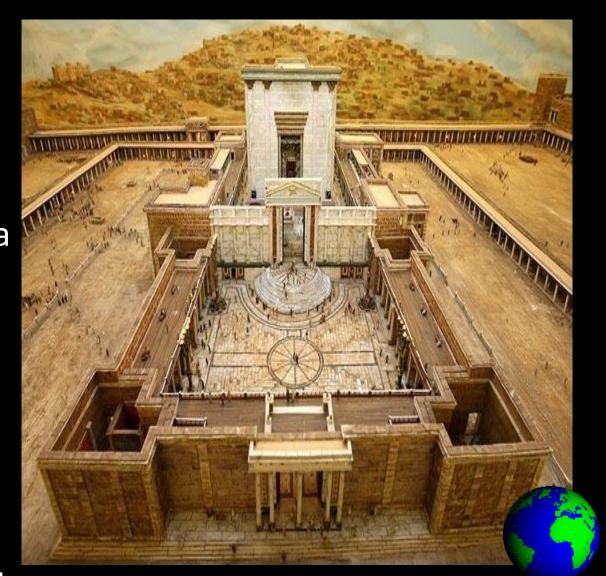
3 - Lessons: Humility and worship

Acknowledging God's greatness:

Solomon acknowledged that no human building could contain God, teaching humility and the recognition of God's infinite nature.

Centrality of worship: The temple was a place for worship, underscoring its central role in the relationship between believers and God.

Humility in prayer: Lessons from Solomon's prayer show that our requests to God should be for His glory, not selfish gain, and should focus on heavenly, rather than earthly, treasures.

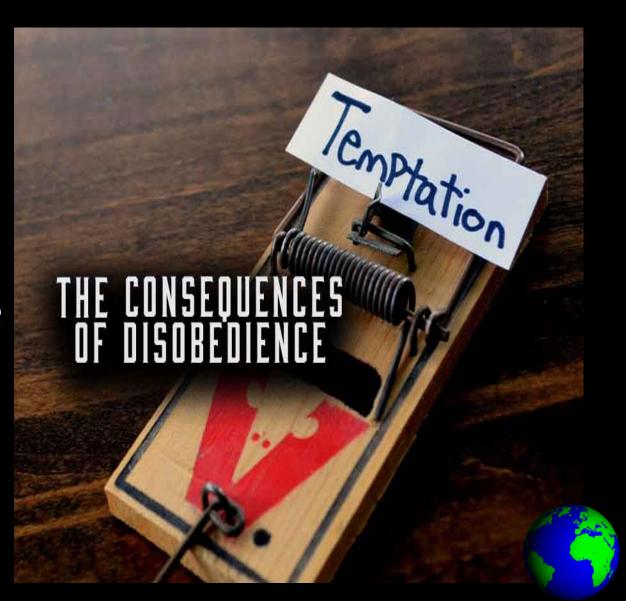


3 - Lessons: Faithfulness and revival

God's faithfulness: The book emphasizes that God remains faithful to His promises to David, even when kings fail.

Consequences of disobedience: It shows that when people move away from God, they are vulnerable and can't expect His help until they repent and turn back to Him.

Lasting revival: Genuine revival isn't just an emotional experience; it leads to significant, long-lasting life changes and reforms.



3 - Lessons: Wisdom and dedication

Seeking wisdom: Solomon's request for wisdom from God instead of riches is a prime example of seeking what truly matters.

<u>Dedication</u>: Solomon's commitment to building the temple demonstrates the importance of a dedicated and persistent commitment to God's work.

Your influence matters: A king's faithfulness was often influenced by his mother, showing the strong influence of close family relationships on one's walk with God.

Evil is not all-powerful: The book illustrates that God is sovereign and has a plan, and that evil cannot ultimately succeed against His purposes.

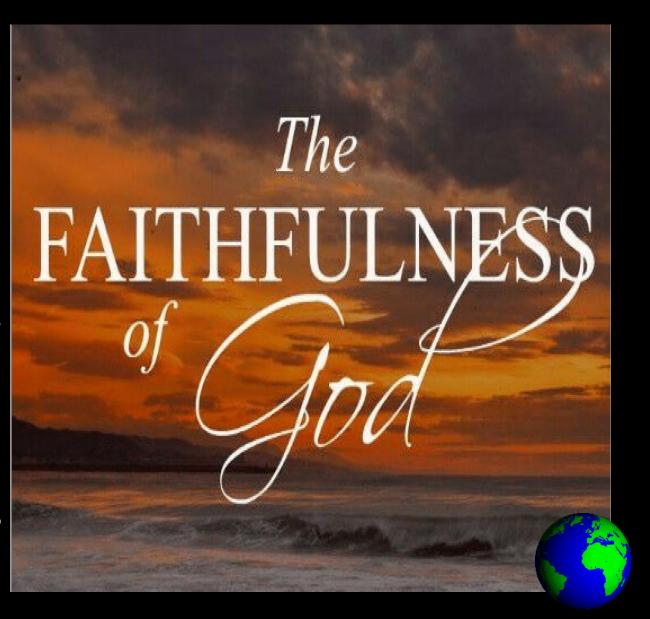


Conclusion

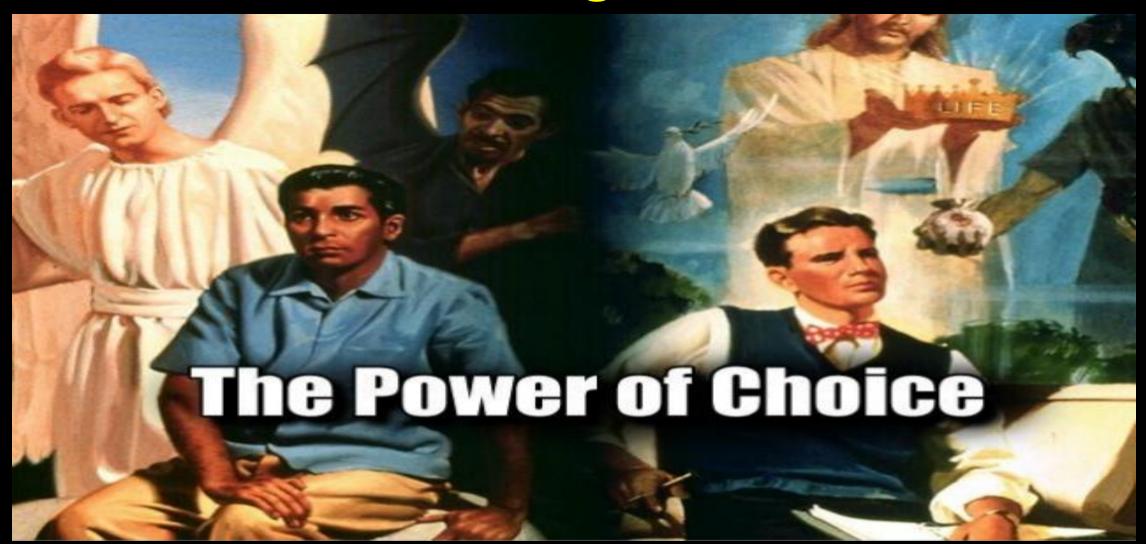
Chronicles include the importance of preparing for God's work, acknowledging His greatness with humility, and valuing skilled craftsmanship and collaboration.

It also teaches the importance of seeking wisdom, the value of unity, generosity, and dedication.

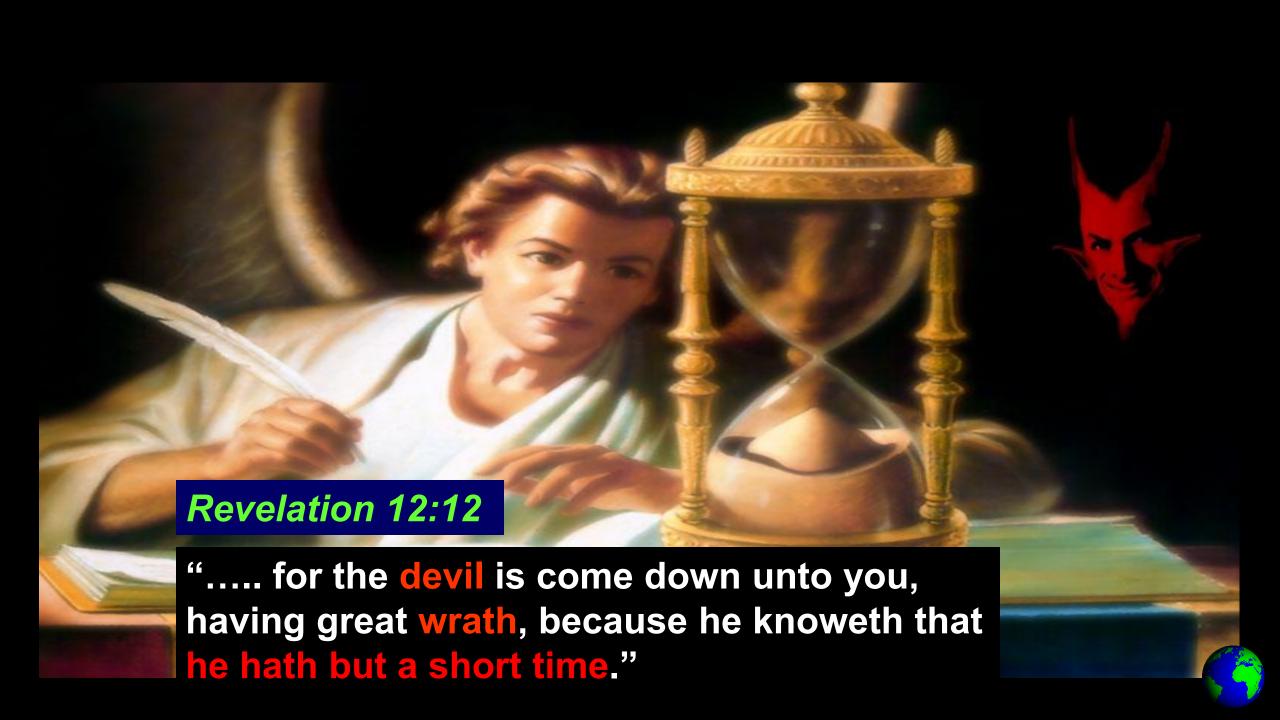
The book further emphasizes that God's faithfulness to the covenant is constant, even through human failure, and that true revival results in lasting, life-changing reforms, not just temporary feelings.



God has given all:







Enter The Ark of Hope

- 1. Diet
- 2. Discipline
- 3. Decalogue

And other sheep I have, which are not of this fold: them also I must bring, and they shall hear my voice; and there shall be one fold, and one shepherd.

- John 10:16

The Ark of the Covenant





Behold, I stand at the door, and knock: if any man hear my voice, and open the door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and he with me. -Revelation 3:20





